

An LLM-based educational chatbot to promote Critical Thinking

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Increasing integration of AI tools in education presents both



- Mitigate teacher shortages
- Up-to-date educational materials
- Self-paced learning
- 24/7 Instant feedback

- Risk of overreliance
- Critical thinking
- student agency
- Concerns about data privacy

Towards a Critical &

Responsible Use of Al in Education

COGNITION

Cognitive offloading
Superficial learning



Desirable difficulty
Pedagogical principles
Stimulation of critical thinking

ETHICS

Surveillance & privacy loss
Low academic integrity
Data exploitation



Strong ethical frameworks & policies

EMOTION

Al guilt/stress/anxiety

Cognitive dissonance

Low self-esteem/self-efficacy



Al demystification Meaningful human interaction

AGENCY

Dependency & overtrust

Knowledge conformity



Reflection on AI use
Purposeful AI use
AI literacy



Rather than allowing chatbots to weaken our cognitive abilities, my objective is to develop a chatbot that supports the enhancement of critical thinking and self-regulation skills

A Socratic approach to an educational chatbot



Provides the knowledge to facilitate the learning



Socratic chatbot

Asks specific and targeted questions to help the learners build knowledge by themselves

Socratic questioning

What is Socratic questioning?

Socratic questioning is a **disciplined questioning** method used to **encourage critical thinking**, uncover underlying beliefs, and explore complex ideas

Socratic questioning

Taxonomy of Socratic questions based on Critical Thinking concepts

| | Question type | Description | Exemplar |
|----|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| 01 | Clarification | Question probing the ambiguities of a thought | What do you mean by ? |
| 02 | Probing assumption | Question probing the assumptions behind a thought | Why do you assume ? |
| 03 | Probing reasons and evidences | Question probing the justifications or concrete evidences that could have supported a thought | How did you know that ? |
| 04 | Probing implications and consequences | Question probing the impacts or implications of a thought | If, what is likely to happen as a result? |
| 05 | Probing alternative viewpoints and perspectives | Question probing other possible viewpoints | What else should we consider about? |

^{1.} R. Paul, L. Elder, The Thinker's Guide to Socratic Questioning, Rowman & Littlefield, 2019.

A Socratic approach to an educational chatbot

Aims

- Reflexion
- Purposeful learning
- Critical thinking

Broader applications

- Combatting fake news
- Promoting democracy

Educational Tasks

- Question answering
- Self-regulation
- Knowledge discovery

Focus on helping students improve their essays

Essay question

Does social media hinder or enhance critical thinking?

1. Student write their essay

[...] Social media can enhance critical thinking. Platforms like Twitter and Reddit expose users to diverse viewpoints. Some users write long posts, which might show deep thinking. However, most content is designed for quick reactions, not thoughtful analysis

Mode 1: Generation of a targeted critical question

Argument mining



Pedagogical strategies



Critical question generation

2. **Analysis** of the arguments, their quality and the global quality

Social media can enhance critical thinking V Platforms like Twitter and

Reddit expose users to diverse viewpoints Some users write long

posts, which might show deep thinking X However, most content is

Logical cogency X Rhethorical effectiveness V Reasonableness V

designed for quick reactions, not thoughtful analysis ...

Premise



3. Select **a pedagogical strategy** to guide question generation targeting the student's weaknesses



4. Given the essay analysis and the pedagogical strategy, **generate** a targeted **critical question** aiming to improve the essay

What evidence is there that users who write long posts are actually engaging in critical thinking rather than just expressing strong opinions?

Focus on improving the premise:

"Some users write long posts, which might show deep thinking"

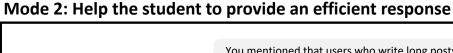


Rebuttal

6. Student improve their essay accordingly

[...] Social media can enhance critical thinking. Platforms like Twitter and Reddit expose users to diverse viewpoints. Some users write long posts, which might show deep thinking—especially when they include evidence or consider multiple perspectives. However, most content is designed for quick reactions, not thoughtful analysis [1]

Updated essay



You mentioned that users who write long posts might be showing deep thinking. That could be true, but... how can we know they're really thinking critically and not just sharing strong opinions?



Claim

Because they're writing a lot? Doesn't that mean they've thought about it?

Sometimes, yes. But writing a lot doesn't always mean it's thoughtful. What kind of evidence could you look for to tell the difference?

Student

If they use facts or explain different sides?

Exactly! Critical thinking usually means looking at more than one point of view, giving reasons, or using good evidence. Please go head and update your essay accordingly

5. Ask the question and engages in a **Socratic dialogue**



Socratic chatbot

[2] Favero, Perez-Ortiz, Kaser, Oliver. <u>Towards Student-Centric AI-Supported Learning: Teaching Chatbots</u> <u>to Ask the Right Questions.</u> Bridge Program Collaborative AI and Modeling of Humans @ AAAI2024



Leveraging small LLMs for argument mining in education: Argument component identification, classification, and Assessment

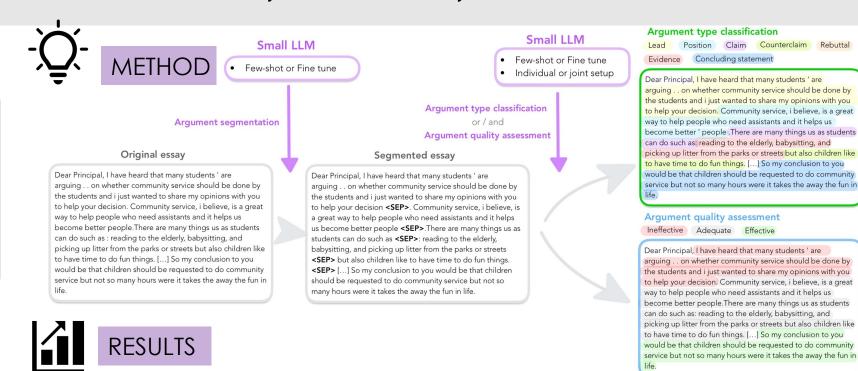


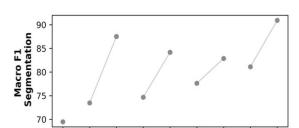
Performing **argument mining** with **small open - source** LLMs:

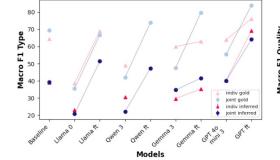
- Component segmentation
- Type classification
- Quality assessment

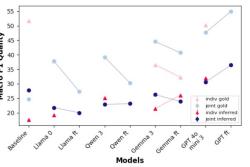


- Dataset: Feedback Prize
- Metric: Macro-averaged F1
- Baseline: BERT (two heads) and Longformer





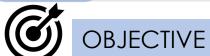




[5] Favero, Pérez-Ortiz, Käser, & Oliver. <u>Argument Mining in Education: Exploring the Potential of Open-source Small LLMs for Argument Classification and Assessment.</u> AI for Education Tools, Opportunities, and Risks in the Generative AI Era @ AAAI2025



Winning the critical thinking questions shared task: LLM-based question generation and selection



The dataset Interventions of real debates, annotated with Argumentation Schemes and a set of Critical Questions and their usefulness for challenging the arguments:

Useful, Unhelpful, or Invalid

The task Generate three critical questions that are Useful



EVALUATION

- Compute cosine similarity of the question with the annotated references
- Limitations of automatic assessment in such a complex and open task



METHOD Questioner-Judge LLM architecture based on critical thinking theory: analytic, creative, and evaluative dimensions

Knowledge Data Learning paradigm **LLM** parameters Argumentation Fine-tuning Models: Llama 3.1 8B, Gemma 2 9B, Qwen 2.5 7B **Augmentation** Gemma 3 12B, Deepseek rl 14B, gpt 4o, BERT scheme Few shot Selected Q1 questions Q2 Q2 Debate The questioner The judge Q3 Q4 intervention generate N critical pick the three Q4 Q5 best questions (essay) *auestions* QN



RESULTS

| Questioner | Scheme in the prompt | | IIIIAAA | % Useful | % Un- matched |
|--------------|----------------------|----|--------------|----------|------------------|
| Gemma 3 12B | without | 8 | - | 40.5 | 46.0 |
| Llama FT *** | without | 8 | - | 56.6 | 29.4 |
| Llama 3.1 8B | without | 8 | Deepseek 14B | 57.4 | 27.0 |
| Gemma 2 9B | with | 8 | Llama 3.1 8B | 54.7 | 31.6 |
| Llama 3.1 8B | with | 6 | Gemma 3 12B | 49.4 | 34.1 |
| Llama 3.1 8B | both | 12 | Gemma 2 9B | 62.4 | 25.7 |
| GPT 40 | both | 12 | GPT 40 | 62.7 | 25.0 |

***Llama 3.1 8B fine-tuned

Best configuration

- Questioner + Judge
- With and without schemes
- Small open-source LLMs: Llama 3.1 8B, Gemma 2 9B
- Chat GPT 40

[4] Favero, Frases, Pérez-Ortiz, Käser, & Oliver <u>ELLIS Alicante at CQs-Gen 2025</u>: <u>Winning the critical thinking</u> questions shared task: LLM-based question generation and selection. 12th Workshop on Argument Mining @ACL 2025.



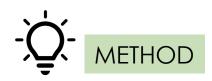
Enhancing critical thinking in education by means of a Socratic chatbot



OBJECTIVE

Building a Socratic chatbot:

Generation of Socratic questions by prompt and fine-tuning a pre-trained LLM



- 1. **SocratiQ:** Dataset of annotated Socratic questions and answers using r/changemyview
- 2. Fine-tuning Llama2 7B and 13B four-bit quantized with unsloth



3. Prompt-tuning of the finetuned model on Ollama





EVALUATION

Compare the learner's response and the ground truth

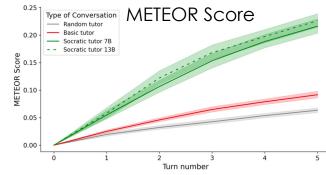
- Generation of synthetic conversations: prompt-tuning Llama 2 7B to simulate learner responses
- Baselines: 2 non-Socratic prompt-tuned tutors
- Evaluation Dataset: Theory of Knowledge International Baccalaureate questions



RESULTS

The Socratic tutors outperform the baselines on all metrics

| Tutor type | BLEU | ROUGE- | METEOR | BERTScor | e LLM |
|------------------------|-------|--------|--------|----------|-------|
| | | L | | | Score |
| Socratic Llama2 13B | 3.65 | 0.157 | 0.226 | 0.569 | 0.696 |
| Socratic Llama2 7B | 3.42 | 0.162 | 0.216 | 0.576 | 0.670 |
| Basic Llama2 7B | 0.494 | 0.120 | 0.092 | 0.535 | 0.582 |
| Random Llama2 7B | 0.210 | 0.091 | 0.063 | 0.444 | 0.312 |





Example of conversation with Maike

Is replicability necessary in the production of knowledge?

Clarification

What do you mean by "replicability"?



Replicability means being able to reproduce or verify the results of an experiment or study by repeating it with similar methods and obtaining similar results.

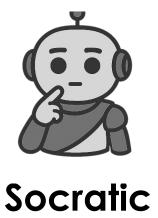
Reasons

Why do you think you need replicability in order to produce knowledge?

Replicability is necessary for producing knowledge because it allows us to verify and confirm the accuracy of findings through independent repetition of experiments or observations.

Alternative viewpoints

How would you respond to someone who **argues** that replication is not necessary in this case because the sample size was so small?



chatbot

Next steps

App and Webapp

Marta Serrador, Nuria Riera, Daniel Frases











Collaboration

Argument mining Prof Ramón Ruiz-Dolz





User study

International Bacalaureat









Chatbot improvement

Reinforcement learner: construction of an optimal learning path

Thank you for your attention

Project presentation: https://ellisalicante.org/maike



- Posters:
 - https://web.ua.es/de/phdinf/documentos/jdi-2024/lucilealysfavero.pdf
 - https://web.ua.es/es/phdinf/documentos/jdi-2025/lucilealysfaveromontero.pdf
- Scientific papers: https://ellisalicante.org/people/lucilefavero-en/
- **Talk:** https://web.ua.es/en/iuii/noticias/talk-lucile-favero-towards-student-centric-aisupported-learning-teaching-chatbots-to-ask-the-right-questions.html
- Contact: lucile@ellisalicante.org http://lucilefavero.github.io/











